Family and carer outcomes 30 June 2021

Executive Summary Presentation

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## Slide 1: Family and carer outcomes 30 June 2021

This is a cover slide for the whole presentation.

Family and carer outcomes 30 June 2021

Executive summary

NDIS

## Slide 2: Contents

* Background
	+ This report
	+ NDIS outcomes framework
	+ Short Form and Long Form
	+ Progress towards better outcomes
	+ Longitudinal cohorts
* Summary of results for family and carers of participants aged
	+ Birth to 14
	+ 15 to 24
	+ 25 and over
* Results for each age cohort include
	+ Notable changes in indicators over one, two, three and four years in the Scheme
	+ Perceptions of whether the NDIS has helped
* Summary of findings

## Slide 3: Background

This slide is the cover page for the Background section

### Slide 4: This report

This report summarises longitudinal outcomes for families and carers of participants entering the Scheme from 1 July 2016, and who have been in the Scheme for one year or more at 30 June 2021, using data available as at that date.

The purpose of the report is to provide a picture of how the families and carers of participants are progressing, based on information provided by them in interviews conducted using the NDIS outcomes framework questionnaires.

The report summarises the number, extent and nature of changes across key outcome indicators. The results are intended to provide insight into how the Scheme is making a difference for families and carers, and point to any areas where improvements may be required.

The present report builds on the work of previous reports:

<https://data.ndis.gov.au/reports-and-analyses/outcomes-and-goals/family-and-carer-outcomes-report>

### Slide 5: Outcomes framework

A lifespan approach to measuring participant and family and carer outcomes across main life domains has been used.

Lifespan approach: three cohorts, based on participant age:

There is one diagram with a long arrow denoting life stages of participants by age as well as relevant family/carer outcome domains:

* Birth to 14 years old:
	+ Domain 1: Rights and advocacy
	+ Domain 2: Support
	+ Domain 3: Access to services
	+ Domain 4: Development
	+ Domain 5: Health and wellbeing
	+ Domain 6: Understanding of child’s strengths, abilities and special needs
* 15 to 24 years old:
	+ Domain 1: Rights and advocacy
	+ Domain 2: Support
	+ Domain 3: Access to services
	+ Domain 4: Independence
	+ Domain 5: Health and wellbeing
	+ Domain 6: Understanding of family member’s strengths, abilities and special needs
* 25 years old and over:
	+ Domain 1: Rights and advocacy
	+ Domain 2: Support
	+ Domain 3: Access to services
	+ Domain 4: Succession plans
	+ Domain 5: Health and wellbeing

Many of the issues faced by families and carers are similar regardless of participant age (for example, being able to work as much as they want), however there are some differences (for example, families and carers of young children will be focussed on helping their child’s early development and learning, whereas families and carers of young adults will want to help their family member to become as independent as possible).

### Slide 6: Short Form (SF) and Long Form (LF)

* The Short Form (SF) outcomes questionnaire is completed by all participants, and a family member or carer where available, and contains questions useful for planning as well as key indicators to monitor and benchmark over time.
* The Long Form (LF) outcomes questionnaire is completed for a subset of participants, and a family member or carer where available, and includes some additional questions allowing more detailed investigation of participant and family/carer experience, and additional benchmarking.
* For both the SF and the LF questionnaires, participants and their families and carers are interviewed at baseline (Scheme entry), and approximately annually thereafter. Following the same group longitudinally over time allows within-individual changes in outcomes to be investigated.

### Slide 7: Progression towards better outcomes

Success should be measured on how far participants and their families and carers have come since entering the Scheme (at “baseline”), acknowledging different starting points.

Whilst some outcomes should improve relatively quickly (for example, access to services), others may take some years to improve (for example employment).

Family/carer baseline outcomes vary by a number of factors, such as:

* the nature of the participant’s disability and how it affects their life
* the extent of support received from family and friends
* how inclusive their community is
* their health and other personal traits.

Three charts provide examples of how outcomes can change over time.

Figure : example families and carer outcomes by review time point

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Aged 25 and over | Aged 0 to 14 | Aged 15 to 24 |
| Example outcomes | % who strongly agree or agree that services and supports have helped them to better care for their family members with disability | % who say their relationship with services is good or very good | % who are in a paid job |
| Baseline | 56.3% | 81.6% | 54.7% |
| Review 1 | 67.2% | 88.2% | 57.6% |
| Review 2 | 75.4% | 86.4% | 53.0% |
| Review 3 | 78.9% | 87.9% | 53.0% |
| Review 4 |  |  | 54.7% |

Note: Review 4 not shown due to small numbers for the first two questions (Long Form)

### Slide 8: Longitudinal cohorts

Longitudinal results for outcome indicators are considered separately for four cohorts, namely families and carers of participants who at 30 June 2021 have been in the Scheme for:

* Four years (C4 cohort)
* Three years (C3 cohort)
* Two years (C2 cohort)
* One year (C1 cohort)

These four cohorts are distinct (that is, a family member or carer contributing to the longitudinal analysis belongs to one cohort only).

The longitudinal analysis is also restricted to instances where the same person responded at each of the time points being considered.

COVID-19 pandemic

Also of key note is the global pandemic that took hold from early 2020, which is likely to have had an impact on at least some outcomes, such as employment and community participation.

For more information on the potential impact of COVID-19 on outcomes to 30 June 2020, see:

<https://data.ndis.gov.au/reports-and-analyses/outcomes-and-goals/covid-19-impact-participant-and-familycarer-outcomes-30-june-2020>

## Slide 9: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14

This slide is the cover slide for the outcomes of families and carers of participants from birth to age 14.

### Slide 10: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14

For families and carers of participants aged 0 to 14, the outcomes framework seeks to measure the extent to which families/carers:

* Know their rights and advocate effectively for their child with disability
* Feel supported
* Are able to gain access to desired services, programs and activities within the community
* Help their children develop and learn
* Enjoy health and wellbeing
* Participate in employment
* Participate in social and community activities
* Understand their child’s strengths, abilities and special needs

Table 1: Number of family/carers in each longitudinal cohort:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Form | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 |
| SF | 60,447 | 26,438 | 11,526 | 2,718 |
| LF | 1,378 | 620 | 198 | N/A |

The table shows the potential number of respondents, however, not all of them responded to each question. The number of missing responses is small and varies by indicator. Only C1-C3 cohorts are shown for the LF, due to small numbers available in C4.

### Slide 11: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Number of indicators with significant and material overall change by domain

This slide contains a graph showing the number of indicators showing improvement and deterioration over time.

Figure : Number of indicators with significant and material overall change by domain

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Domain** | **Improvement** | **Deterioration** |
| Rights and advocacy | 2 | 2 |
| Families feel supported | 3 | 3 |
| Development and learning | 4 | 0 |
| Health and wellbeing | 4 | 1 |
| Employment | 2 | 3 |
| Social and community activities | 0 | 2 |
| Access to services | 2 | 0 |
| Child’s strengths, abilities and special needs | 0 | 1 |
| Overall | 17 | 12 |

Indicators are deemed to show “significant and material overall change” if they meet the following criteria:

* McNemar test for change from baseline significant at the 5% level
* Absolute value of change from baseline greater than 0.02
* The above criteria hold for at least two of the cohorts

Numbers of indicators meeting the above criteria are presented. A total of 35 indicators were considered.

### Slide 12: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Employment

Employment outcomes have improved across all four cohorts.

The percentage of family and carers who are in a paid job has increased with each additional year in the Scheme. Of those with a paid job, the percentage who work 15 or more hours per week has also increased.

For participants in the Scheme four years, increases between baseline and fourth review were:

* 10.3 percentage points for having a paid job
* 7.7 percentage points for working 15 or more hours per week.

Four charts show the percentage of family/carers in a paid job, and of those, the percentage working 15 or more hours per week, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| % in a paid job | 42.9% | 47.5% | 49.8% | 52.8% | 53.2% |
| % working 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 79.0% | 82.1% | 84.5% | 82.7% | 86.7% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| % in a paid job | 46.6% | 49.6% | 51.2% | 51.9% |
| % working 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 77.4% | 81.2% | 82.9% | 85.0% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| % in a paid job | 47.0% | 49.6% | 50.1% |
| % working 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 78.6% | 81.2% | 83.4% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| % in a paid job | 47.7% | 49.6% |
| % working 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 80.8% | 82.3% |

### Slide 13: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Employment

For families and carers unable to work as much as they want, the percentages who say that one of the barriers is:

* the situation of their child/family member with disability
* availability of jobs
* insufficient flexibility of jobs

all increase with time in the Scheme, by 5.6, 6.6, and 7.6 percentage points, respectively, after participants have been in the Scheme for four years.

For families and carers unable to work as much as they want, four charts show the percentage who say that one of the barriers is the situation of their child/family member with disability, availability of jobs, or insufficient flexibility of jobs. Percentages are shown at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| say the situation of their child/family member with disability is a barrier | 89.8% | 93.3% | 95.1% | 95.6% | 95.4% |
| say availability of jobs is a barrier | 16.8% | 19.5% | 23.2% | 23.9% | 23.4% |
| say insufficient flexibility of jobs is a barrier | 37.6% | 41.9% | 45.8% | 46.4% | 45.2% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| say the situation of their child/family member with disability is a barrier | 89.1% | 91.5% | 93.3% | 94.1% |
| say availability of jobs is a barrier | 18.5% | 21.3% | 23.2% | 23.4% |
| say insufficient flexibility of jobs is a barrier | 40.2% | 45.1% | 47.7% | 47.4% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| say the situation of their child/family member with disability is a barrier | 88.9% | 90.9% | 92.5% |
| say availability of jobs is a barrier | 17.3% | 19.6% | 21.0% |
| say insufficient flexibility of jobs is a barrier | 37.4% | 41.0% | 42.8% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| say the situation of their child/family member with disability is a barrier | 88.5% | 90.1% |
| say availability of jobs is a barrier | 17.3% | 19.3% |
| say insufficient flexibility of jobs is a barrier | 34.8% | 37.6% |

### Slide 14: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Access to services

The percentages of family and carers who:

* say their relationship with services is good or very good
* know what specialist services are needed to promote their child's learning and development

generally increase the longer participants are in the Scheme, with improvements of 6.3 percentage points over three years and 14.1 percentage points over four years, respectively.

Four charts show the percentage who say their relationship with services is good or very good, and the percentage who know what specialist services are needed to promote their child's learning and development, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| know what specialist services are needed to promote their child's learning and development | 40.6% | 51.9% | 54.1% | 54.1% | 54.7% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| say their relationship with services is good or very good | 81.6% | 88.2% | 86.4% | 87.9% |
| know what specialist services are needed to promote their child's learning and development | 42.0% | 50.6% | 54.3% | 54.3% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| say their relationship with services is good or very good | 81.4% | 89.1% | 91.1% |
| know what specialist services are needed to promote their child's learning and development | 41.3% | 51.0% | 54.0% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| say their relationship with services is good or very good | 83.7% | 88.5% |
| know what specialist services are needed to promote their child's learning and development | 40.0% | 48.5% |

Note: for the first indicator, cohort 4 has been omitted as there is not enough data (long form question)

### Slide 15: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Social and community involvement

For family/carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for more than one year, the percentage who are able to engage in social interactions and community life as much as they want has declined significantly from baseline (for example, by 5.1 percentage points over four years).

For all cohorts, of those unable to engage socially or in the community as much as they want, the percentage who say the situation of their child with disability is a barrier to engaging more has increased (for example, by 5.2 percentage points over four years).

The child getting older is likely having an impact on these indicators.

Four charts show the percentage able to engage in social interactions and community life as much as they want, and for those not able to, the percentage who say the situation with their child is a barrier, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| able to engage in social interactions and community life as much as they want | 26.9% | 27.4% | 25.1% | 21.5% | 21.8% |
| say the situation with their child is a barrier (of those unable to engage in the community as much as they want) | 92.1% | 94.4% | 95.8% | 97.3% | 97.3% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| able to engage in social interactions and community life as much as they want | 26.8% | 25.9% | 23.7% | 23.7% |
| say the situation with their child is a barrier (of those unable to engage in the community as much as they want) | 91.1% | 92.7% | 94.6% | 94.7% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| able to engage in social interactions and community life as much as they want | 26.0% | 25.9% | 24.8% |
| say the situation with their child is a barrier (of those unable to engage in the community as much as they want) | 90.7% | 92.2% | 93.4% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| able to engage in social interactions and community life as much as they want | 29.2% | 29.1% |
| say the situation with their child is a barrier (of those unable to engage in the community as much as they want) | 90.3% | 91.5% |

### Slide 16: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Health, practical and emotional support

The percentage of family and carers who rate their health as good, very good or excellent has deteriorated, for example, by 13.2 percentage points over four years.

For family/carers of participants in the Scheme longer than one year, the percentage who have people they can ask for practical help has also declined (8.4 percentage points over four years).

However, the percentage who have people they can talk to for emotional support has tended to increase slightly.

Four charts show the percentage who rate their health as good to excellent, the percentage who have people they can ask for practical help as often as they need, and the percentage who have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| rate their health as good to excellent | 75.3% | 72.1% | 67.5% | 64.0% | 62.0% |
| have people they can ask for practical help as often as they need | 42.6% | 41.6% | 38.3% | 34.1% | 34.2% |
| have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 61.4% | 64.8% | 64.6% | 63.3% | 62.8% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| rate their health as good to excellent | 73.5% | 70.2% | 66.7% | 64.3% |
| have people they can ask for practical help as often as they need | 41.8% | 40.8% | 37.4% | 35.6% |
| have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 61.4% | 63.1% | 63.0% | 63.1% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| rate their health as good to excellent | 72.7% | 69.9% | 66.5% |
| have people they can ask for practical help as often as they need | 40.4% | 40.4% | 38.0% |
| have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 59.8% | 62.5% | 62.8% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| rate their health as good to excellent | 74.8% | 72.2% |
| have people they can ask for practical help as often as they need | 42.0% | 42.0% |
| have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 60.9% | 63.5% |

### Slide 17: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Comparison to benchmark: employment and health, participants in the Scheme for three or four years

This slide benchmarks key family/carer outcomes related to health and employment to those of the Australian population.

Comparing baseline to latest review, the percentage of mothers (92% of respondents) and fathers (8% of respondents):

* in a paid job improves by 10.7 and 4.5 percentage points, respectively
* who rate their health as good, very good or excellent deteriorates by 13.7 and 8.6 percentage points, respectively
* who felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future improves by 4.1 percentage point for the combined group.

All indicators are considerably below the benchmark Australian population figures.

Three charts compare outcomes for families and carers of NDIS participants aged 0 to 14 to the Australian population:

* The percentage who felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for three years
* The percentage in a paid job, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for four years
* The percentage who rate their health as good, very good or excellent, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for four years.

Figure : Felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Benchmark | 78.1% | 78.1% | 78.1% | 78.1% |
| NDIS | 42.6% | 52.1% | 57.4% | 46.7% |

Figure 24: Rate their health as good, very good or excellent

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Benchmark mothers | 88.8% | 88.8% | 88.8% | 88.8% | 88.8% |
| Benchmark fathers | 86.9% | 86.9% | 86.9% | 86.9% | 86.9% |
| NDIS mothers | 75.2% | 71.9% | 67.1% | 63.2% | 61.6% |
| NDIS fathers | 76.0% | 74.8% | 74.1% | 74.7% | 67.4% |

Figure : In a paid job

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Benchmark mothers | 77.7% | 77.7% | 77.7% | 77.7% | 77.7% |
| Benchmark fathers | 87.1% | 87.1% | 87.1% | 87.1% | 87.1% |
| NDIS mothers | 41.3% | 45.9% | 48.7% | 52.1% | 52.0% |
| NDIS fathers | 65.7% | 69.3% | 67.0% | 62.9% | 70.2% |

Population benchmark figures are from:

* Employment: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), Australian labour force data as at June 2021, standardised to NDIS family and carers age distribution.
* Health rating: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), General Social Survey (GSS) 2020, standardised to NDIS family and carers age distribution.
* Life Satisfaction: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), General Social Survey (GSS) 2010, standardised to NDIS family and carers age and gender distribution.

### Slide 18: Families and carers of participants from birth to age 14 – Has the NDIS helped?

Opinions on whether the NDIS has helped vary considerably by domain, being most positive in relation to improving family and carer capacity to help their child develop (75.6% after one year in the Scheme, increasing to 77.7% after four years) and access to services (72.0% after one year in the Scheme, increasing to 74.6% after four years). There have also been improvements for families feeling supported, plan development and implementation domains, but no change for rights and advocacy, and a deterioration for health and wellbeing. Higher plan utilisation is strongly associated with a positive response.

A chart shows the percentage of positive responses at first to fourth review, for five domains.

Figure 26: Percentage of positive responses

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Rights and advocacy | 64.5% | 64.8% | 64.3% | 64.3% |
| Families feel supported | 69.8% | 71.9% | 71.7% | 72.7% |
| Access to services | 72.0% | 74.0% | 74.4% | 74.6% |
| Child's development | 75.6% | 77.8% | 77.9% | 77.7% |
| Health and wellbeing | 45.2% | 43.6% | 42.1% | 40.0% |

A chart shows the percentage of positive responses by baseline plan utilisation band, for five domains.

Figure : By plan utilisation rate, after one year

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Below 20%** | **20-40%** | **40-60%** | **60-80%** | **80% and over** |
| Rights and advocacy | 40.1% | 61.8% | 65.5% | 67.8% | 69.7% |
| Families feel supported | 41.1% | 67.3% | 71.7% | 73.6% | 75.3% |
| Access to services | 43.3% | 69.1% | 73.5% | 75.4% | 78.3% |
| Child's development | 42.7% | 72.3% | 77.5% | 79.9% | 82.4% |
| Health and wellbeing | 27.0% | 43.6% | 46.3% | 47.2% | 49.0% |

## Slide 19: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24

This slide is the cover slide for the outcomes of families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24.

### Slide 20: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24

For families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24, the outcomes framework seeks to measure the extent to which families/carers:

* Know their rights and advocate effectively for their child with disability
* Feel supported
* Are able to gain access to desired services, programs and activities within the community
* Help their young person become independent
* Enjoy health and wellbeing
* Participate in employment
* Participate in social and community activities

Table 2: Number of family/carers in each longitudinal cohort:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Form | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 |
| SF | 10,568 | 4,415 | 1,654 | 300 |
| LF | 358 | 142 | 50 | N/A |

The table shows the potential number of respondents, however, not all of them responded to each question. The number of missing responses is small and varies by indicator. Only C1-C3 cohorts are shown for the LF, due to small numbers available in C4.

### Slide 21: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24 – Number of indicators with significant and material overall change by domain

This slide contains a graph showing the number of indicators showing improvement and deterioration over time.

Figure : Number of indicators with significant and material overall change by domain

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Domain** | **Improvement** | **Deterioration** |
| Rights and advocacy | 0 | 0 |
| Families feel supported | 2 | 0 |
| Independence | 0 | 0 |
| Health and wellbeing | 4 | 1 |
| Employment | 1 | 1 |
| Access to services | 3 | 0 |
| Family member’s strengths, abilities and special needs | 0 | 0 |
| Overall | 10 | 2 |

Indicators are deemed to show “significant and material overall change” if they meet the following criteria:

* McNemar test for change from baseline significant at the 5% level
* Absolute value of change from baseline greater than 0.02
* The above criteria hold for at least two of the cohorts

Numbers of indicators meeting the above criteria are presented. A total of 34 indicators were considered.

### Slide 22: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24 – Employment

There have been small (but statistically significant) increases from baseline in the percentage with a paid job, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for one, two or three years (for example, a 2.1 percentage point increase over three years). There has been no change from baseline for those in the Scheme four years.

For those with a paid job, the percentage working 15 hours or more has increased significantly for those in the Scheme less than four years (for example, by 2.6 percentage points for those in the Scheme for two or three years). The increase for those in the Scheme four years was not statistically significant.

Four charts show the percentage of family/carers in a paid job, and of those, the percentage working 15 or more hours per week, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| In a paid job | 54.7% | 57.6% | 53.0% | 53.0% | 54.7% |
| Work 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 87.8% | 92.0% | 89.6% | 89.8% | 91.6% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| In a paid job | 54.1% | 57.7% | 57.8% | 56.2% |
| Work 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 85.5% | 86.3% | 86.4% | 88.1% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| In a paid job | 52.3% | 55.1% | 53.4% |
| Work 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 84.9% | 87.1% | 87.5% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| In a paid job | 52.2% | 53.3% |
| Work 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 85.9% | 87.3% |

### Slide 23: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24 – Feeling supported and listened to, and support for participant

The percentage of family and carers who:

* have people they can talk to for emotional support
* say that services listen to them
* say that their family member with disability gets the support they need

tend to improve the longer the participants are in the Scheme.

The improvements are 5.3 and 8.7 percentage points from baseline to fourth review for the first two indicators, and 22.9 percentage points from baseline to third review for the third indicator.

For the third indicator, cohort 4 has been omitted as there is not enough data (long form question).

Four charts show the percentage who have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need, the percentage who say that services listen to them, and the percentage who say that the participant gets the support they need, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 49.0% | 54.5% | 56.5% | 57.6% | 54.3% |
| Say that services listen to them | 67.1% | 68.3% | 69.7% | 70.8% | 75.8% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 49.9% | 53.9% | 53.6% | 53.0% |
| Say that services listen to them | 61.0% | 67.6% | 71.2% | 71.8% |
| Say that participant gets needed support | 39.6% | 51.1% | 55.3% | 62.5% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| Have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 47.6% | 49.4% | 50.7% |
| Say that services listen to them | 63.6% | 68.5% | 71.9% |
| Say that participant gets needed support | 33.8% | 55.6% | 61.3% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| Have people they can talk to for emotional support as often as they need | 48.6% | 51.1% |
| Say that services listen to them | 66.0% | 70.4% |
| Say that participant gets needed support | 34.4% | 59.8% |

### Slide 24: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24 – Felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about their life, last year and in the future

This slide has three charts showing the percentage who say they felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for three years, two years or one year. Note that cohort 4 is omitted for this long form question due to insufficient numbers of responses.

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future | 47.9% | 40.4% | 44.7% | 56.3% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| Felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future | 42.3% | 52.1% | 54.9% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| Felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future | 41.6% | 50.8% |

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **three years**, there was an improvement of 8.4 percentage points between baseline and third review, from 47.9% to 56.3%. For this cohort the trend is more volatile due to lower volume.

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **two years**, there was a 12.6 percentage point improvement between baseline and second review, from 42.3% to 54.9%, including a 2.8 percentage points increase in the latest year.

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **one year**, there was a 9.2 percentage point improvement, from 41.6% to 50.8%.

### Slide 25: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24 – Rate their health as good, very good or excellent

This slide has four charts showing the percentage who rate their health as good, very good or excellent, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for four years, three years, two years or one year.

Figure : four years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Rate their health as good, very good or excellent | 64.7% | 62.3% | 55.7% | 52.7% | 53.2% |

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Rate their health as good, very good or excellent | 63.0% | 60.4% | 55.5% | 55.7% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| Rate their health as good, very good or excellent | 60.9% | 59.3% | 56.2% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| Rate their health as good, very good or excellent | 62.3% | 60.0% |

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **four years**, there was a deterioration of 11.5 percentage points, from 64.7% to 53.2%.

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **three years**, there was a 7.3 percentage point deterioration, from 63.0% to 55.7%.

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **two years**, there was a 4.7 percentage point deterioration, from 60.9% to 56.2%.

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **one year**, there was a 2.3 percentage point deterioration, from 62.3% to 60%.

### Slide 26: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24 – Comparison to benchmark: employment and health, participants in the Scheme for three or four years

This slide benchmarks key family/carer outcomes related to employment and health to those of the Australian population.

Comparing baseline to latest review, the percentage of NDIS family or carers:

* in a paid job, stays the same at 54.7%
* who felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future, improves 8.4 percentage points, from 47.9% to 56.3%
* who rate their health as good, very good or excellent, deteriorates 11.5 percentage points, from 64.7% to 53.2%

All indicators are considerably below the benchmark Australian population figures. (Note males and females are combined due to low volume for males).

Three charts compare outcomes for families and carers of NDIS participants aged 15 to 24 to the Australian population:

* The percentage who felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for three years
* The percentage in a paid job, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for four years
* The percentage who rate their health as good, very good or excellent, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for four years.

Figure : Felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Benchmark | 76.1% | 76.1% | 76.1% | 76.1% |
| NDIS | 47.9% | 40.4% | 44.7% | 56.3% |

Figure 45: In a paid job

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Benchmark | 75.9% | 75.9% | 75.9% | 75.9% | 75.9% |
| NDIS | 54.7% | 57.6% | 53.0% | 53.0% | 54.7% |

Figure : Rate their health as good, very good or excellent

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Benchmark | 84.5% | 84.5% | 84.5% | 84.5% | 84.5% |
| NDIS | 64.7% | 62.3% | 55.7% | 52.7% | 53.2% |

Population benchmark figures sources (each standardised to NDIS family and carers age and gender distribution):

* Employment: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), Australian labour force data as at June 2021.
* Health rating: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), General Social Survey (GSS) 2020.
* Life Satisfaction: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), General Social Survey (GSS) 2010.

### Slide 27: Families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24 – Has the NDIS helped?

Opinions on whether the NDIS has helped tend to be slightly less positive compared to the 0 to 14 cohort. Amongst the five domains, areas relating to independence (56.3% after one year in the Scheme, increasing to 65.3% after four years in the Scheme) and families feeling supported (62.0% after one year in the Scheme, increasing to 70.6% after four years in the Scheme) saw the greatest improvement. Higher plan utilisation is strongly associated with a positive response.

A chart shows the percentage of positive responses at first to fourth review, for five domains.

Figure 47: Percentage of positive responses

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Rights and advocacy | 51.5% | 55.9% | 54.8% | 58.5% |
| Families feel supported | 62.0% | 68.2% | 69.5% | 70.6% |
| Access to services | 59.0% | 66.1% | 67.2% | 66.3% |
| Independence | 56.3% | 62.2% | 64.1% | 65.3% |
| Health and wellbeing | 35.1% | 35.2% | 34.1% | 35.1% |

A chart shows the percentage of positive responses by baseline plan utilisation band, for five domains.

Figure : By plan utilisation rate, after one year

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Below 20%** | **20-40%** | **40-60%** | **60-80%** | **80% and over** |
| Rights and advocacy | 35.0% | 49.0% | 52.8% | 57.4% | 59.6% |
| Families feel supported | 35.2% | 57.8% | 66.4% | 71.1% | 72.4% |
| Access to services | 30.5% | 53.7% | 63.5% | 68.9% | 71.2% |
| Child's development | 29.4% | 52.7% | 61.4% | 65.0% | 65.6% |
| Health and wellbeing | 19.7% | 32.8% | 37.0% | 41.2% | 40.7% |

## Slide 28: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over

This slide is the cover slide for the outcomes of families and carers of participants aged 25 and over.

### Slide 29: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over

For families and carers of participants aged 25 or over, the outcomes framework seeks to measure the extent to which families/carers:

* Know their rights and advocate effectively for their family member with disability
* Feel supported
* Are able to gain access to desired services, programs and activities within the community
* Have succession plans
* Enjoy health and wellbeing
* Participate in employment
* Participate in social and community activities

Table 3: Number of family/carers in each longitudinal cohort:

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Form | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 |
| SF | 11,770 | 4,553 | 1,187 | 31 |
| LF | 422 | 204 | 128 | N/A |

The table shows the potential number of respondents, however, not all of them responded to each question. The number of missing responses is small and varies by indicator. Only C1-C3 cohorts are shown for the LF, due to small numbers available in C4.

### Slide 30: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – number of indicators with significant and material overall change by domain

This slide contains a graph showing the number of indicators showing improvement and deterioration over time.

Figure : Number of indicators with significant and material overall change by domain

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Domain** | **Improvement** | **Deterioration** |
| Rights and advocacy | 1 | 0 |
| Families feel supported | 1 | 1 |
| Succession planning | 2 | 0 |
| Health and wellbeing | 4 | 2 |
| Employment | 0 | 0 |
| Social and community activities | 0 | 0 |
| Access to services | 2 | 1 |
| Overall | 10 | 4 |

Indicators are deemed to show “significant and material overall change” if they meet the following criteria:

* McNemar test for change from baseline significant at the 5% level
* Absolute value of change from baseline greater than 0.02
* The above criteria hold for at least two of the cohorts

Numbers of indicators meeting the above criteria are presented. A total of 30 indicators were considered.

### Slide 31: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – Employment

The percentage of family/carers who are in a paid job generally decreases over time (for example, a 3.8 percentage point deterioration over three years in the Scheme). Some of this could be due to retirement, as families and carers of participants aged 25 and over are likely to be older than families and carers of younger participants.

The percentage of family and carers who provide informal care to their family member with disability and are able to work as much as they want tends to increase the longer participants are in the Scheme (a 5.1 percentage point improvement over three years).

Of those family and carers who are in a paid job, the proportion who work 15 or more hours per week has stayed broadly the same over time, and the changes from baseline are not statistically significant.

Three charts show the percentage in a paid job, and of those, the percentage working 15 hours or more per week and the percentage able to work as much as they want, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for three years, two years or one year.

Note: cohort 4 omitted due to low volume.

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| In a paid job | 36.7% | 34.6% | 33.0% | 32.9% |
| Work 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 81.1% | 85.1% | 83.7% | 81.7% |
| Able to work as much as they want while providing informal care to the participant | 59.7% | 60.8% | 62.6% | 64.8% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| In a paid job | 34.3% | 31.4% | 32.3% |
| Work 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 85.7% | 84.1% | 85.4% |
| Able to work as much as they want while providing informal care to the participant | 58.6% | 58.5% | 61.0% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| In a paid job | 36.5% | 35.7% |
| Work 15+ hours per week (of those in a paid job) | 84.7% | 84.9% |
| Able to work as much as they want while providing informal care to the participant | 56.3% | 58.0% |

### Slide 32: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – I understand my rights and the rights of my family member with disability (percentage who have no difficulty)

This slide has three charts showing the percentage who have no difficulties understanding their rights and the rights of their family member with disability, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for three years, two years or one year. Note that cohort 4 is omitted due to low volume.

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Have no difficulties understanding their rights and the rights of their family member with disability | 84.4% | 84.9% | 86.0% | 94.5% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| Have no difficulties understanding their rights and the rights of their family member with disability | 79.2% | 81.7% | 88.6% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| Have no difficulties understanding their rights and the rights of their family member with disability | 80.1% | 82.0% |

For participants who have been in the Scheme for **three years**, there was a 10.2 percentage point improvement between baseline and third review, from 84.4% to 94.5%, including an 8.5 percentage point increase in the latest year.

For participants who have been in the Scheme for **two years**, there was a 9.4 percentage point improvement between baseline and second review, from 79.2% to 88.6%, including a 6.9 percentage points increase in the latest year.

For participants who have been in the Scheme for **one year**, there was a 1.9 percentage point improvement, from 80.1% to 82.0%, however this change was not statistically significant.

### Slide 33: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – Feeling supported and listened to, and support for participant

The percentages of family and carers who:

* strongly agree or agree that services and supports have helped them to better care for their family member
* say that services listen to them

Tend to increase the longer participants have been in the Scheme.

Improvements of 22.6 and 7.9 percentage points, respectively, were observed for family and carers of participants in the Scheme for three years.

Three charts show the percentage who agree that services and supports have helped them to better care for their family member with disability, and the percentage who say that services listen to them, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for three years, two years or one year.

Note: cohort 4 omitted due to low volume.

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Agree that services and supports have helped them to better care for their family member with disability | 56.3% | 67.2% | 75.4% | 78.9% |
| Say that services listen to them | 68.9% | 74.0% | 72.5% | 76.8% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| Agree that services and supports have helped them to better care for their family member with disability | 46.5% | 73.8% | 81.7% |
| Say that services listen to them | 68.7% | 71.2% | 74.7% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| Agree that services and supports have helped them to better care for their family member with disability | 51.4% | 71.6% |
| Say that services listen to them | 68.1% | 71.9% |

### Slide 34: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – Succession plans

The percentage of families and carers who:

* make plans for when they are no longer able to care for the participant
* ask for help from support providers and professionals when making such plans
* say that services help them plan for the future

tend to increase the longer participants have been in the Scheme.

Increases of 4.1, 5.9, and 11.7 percentage points, respectively, were observed for participants in the Scheme for three years.

Three charts show the percentage who have made plans for when they are no longer able to care for the participant, the percentage who have asked for help from support providers and professionals when making such plans, and the percentage who say that services help them plan for the future, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for three years, two years or one year.

Note: cohort 4 omitted due to low volume.

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Have made plans for when they are no longer able to care for the participant | 10.9% | 11.3% | 12.0% | 15.0% |
| Have asked for help from support providers and professionals when making such plans | 61.5% | 57.1% | 65.8% | 67.4% |
| Say that services help them plan for the future | 65.6% | 79.0% | 75.4% | 77.3% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| Have made plans for when they are no longer able to care for the participant | 11.3% | 12.2% | 14.3% |
| Have asked for help from support providers and professionals when making such plans | 59.4% | 62.6% | 66.4% |
| Say that services help them plan for the future | 66.3% | 79.9% | 78.4% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| Have made plans for when they are no longer able to care for the participant | 10.3% | 11.8% |
| Have asked for help from support providers and professionals when making such plans | 56.9% | 60.7% |
| Say that services help them plan for the future | 66.8% | 72.0% |

### Slide 35: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – Rate their health as good, very good or excellent

This slide has three charts showing the percentage who rate their health as good, very good or excellent, at baseline and at subsequent reviews, separately for participants who have been in the Scheme for three years, two years or one year. Note that cohort 4 is omitted due to low volume.

Figure : three years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Rate their health as good to excellent | 57.7% | 55.9% | 52.3% | 50.0% |

Figure : two years in the Scheme

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** |
| Rate their health as good to excellent | 58.6% | 53.8% | 51.2% |

Figure : one year in the Scheme

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** |
| Rate their health as good to excellent | 58.6% | 54.6% |

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **three years**, there was a 7.7 percentage point deterioration between baseline and third review, from 57.7% to 50.0%.

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **two years**, there was a 7.4 percentage point deterioration between baseline and second review, from 58.6% to 51.2%.

For families and carers of participants who have been in the Scheme for **one year**, there was a 4.0 percentage point deterioration, from 58.6% to 54.6%.

### Slide 36: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – Comparison to benchmark: employment and health, participants in the Scheme for three or four years

This slide benchmarks key family/carer outcomes related to employment and health to those of the Australian population.

Comparing baseline to latest review, the percentage of NDIS family or carers:

* in a paid job, or who rate their health as good to excellent, deteriorated by 9.7 percentage points
* who felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future, improved by 10.1 percentage points, from 42.2% to 52.3%

All indicators are considerably below the benchmark Australian population1 figures. Note males and females are combined due to low volume for males. Review figures also not shown if volume is too low.

Three charts compare outcomes for families and carers of NDIS participants aged 25 and over to the Australian population:

* The percentage who felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for three years
* The percentage in a paid job, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for four years
* The percentage who rate their health as good, very good or excellent, for family/carers of participants in the Scheme for four years.

Figure : Felt delighted, pleased or mostly satisfied about last year and the future

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** |
| Benchmark | 77.7% | 77.7% | 77.7% | 77.7% |
| NDIS | 42.2% | 58.0% | 45.6% | 52.3% |

Figure 66: In a paid job

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 4** |
| Benchmark | 58.8% | 58.8% |
| NDIS | 41.9% | 32.3% |

Figure : Rate their health as good to excellent

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Cohort** | **Baseline** | **Review 4** |
| Benchmark | 80.7% | 80.7% |
| NDIS | 58.1% | 48.4% |

Population benchmark figures sources (each standardised to NDIS family and carers age and gender distribution):

* Employment: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), Australian labour force data as at June 2021.
* Health rating: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), General Social Survey (GSS) 2020.
* Life Satisfaction: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), General Social Survey (GSS) 2010.

### Slide 37: Families and carers of participants aged 25 and over – Has the NDIS helped?

Opinions on whether the NDIS has helped vary by domain. The percentage responding positively was lowest for succession planning (40.9% after one year in the Scheme, increasing to 46.4% after four years) and highest for families feeling supported (70.0% after one year in the Scheme, increasing to 78.9% after four years in the Scheme). Across all domains, the percentage responding positively generally improves at the next review, except for access to services at review 4 and succession planning at review 3. Higher plan utilisation is strongly associated with a positive response.

A chart shows the percentage of positive responses at first to fourth review, for five domains.

Figure 68: Percentage of positive responses

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Review 1** | **Review 2** | **Review 3** | **Review 4** |
| Rights and advocacy | 56.4% | 61.8% | 62.9% | 70.2% |
| Families feel supported | 70.0% | 77.1% | 78.3% | 78.9% |
| Access to services | 64.1% | 70.8% | 71.7% | 66.7% |
| Succession planning | 40.9% | 44.7% | 44.6% | 46.4% |
| Health and wellbeing | 41.9% | 44.1% | 44.1% | 49.1% |

A chart shows the percentage of positive responses by baseline plan utilisation band, for five domains.

Figure : By plan utilisation rate, after one year

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator** | **Below 20%** | **20-40%** | **40-60%** | **60-80%** | **80% and over** |
| Rights and advocacy | 39.0% | 54.4% | 57.1% | 60.8% | 63.5% |
| Families feel supported | 44.4% | 67.9% | 73.6% | 76.4% | 75.6% |
| Access to services | 37.4% | 60.5% | 66.7% | 71.6% | 72.2% |
| Succession planning | 26.2% | 38.6% | 41.4% | 45.0% | 47.1% |
| Health and wellbeing | 25.8% | 39.6% | 43.4% | 47.0% | 46.5% |

## Slide 38: Summary of findings

This slide is the cover slide for the summary of findings section.

### Slide 39: Summary of findings (1)

#### Measuring progress and change

The report summarises the number, extent and nature of changes across key outcome indicators.

* In total, there are between 30 and 35 indicators for each of the participant age groups.
* Of these, the birth to 14 participant age group has the largest proportion of family and carer indicators with significant and material changes, at 83%, followed by 47% for the 25 and over age group, and 35% for the 15 to 24 age group.
* Of these significant and material changes, the 15 to 24 participant age group has the highest proportion of family and carer indicators showing improvement, at 83%, followed by 71% and 59% for the 25 and over, and the birth to 14 age groups, respectively.

#### In what areas has the NDIS helped positively?

* For all three participant age groups, families and carers are increasingly positive about the Scheme’s role in helping them feel supported.
* For participants from birth to age 14, there have been positive perceptions of the Scheme’s role in improving family and carer capacity to help their child develop and learn, and improving access to services.
* For families and carers of participants aged 15 to 24, positive perceptions of the Scheme’s role in helping their young person to become more independent have increased strongly over time.
* For families and carers of participants aged 25 and over, perceptions that the NDIS has helped with rights and advocacy have become increasingly positive over time.
* In most cases, higher plan utilisation is strongly associated with a positive response after one year in the Scheme. Improvements are typically largest between utilisation bands 0-20% and 20-40% (for most domains).

### Slide 40: Summary of findings (2)

#### Outcomes that are improving for families and carers

* Improvements in employment outcomes (having a paid job, and working 15 or more hours per week) have been observed for families and carers of participants aged 0 to 14, and to a lesser extent, those aged 15 to 24.
* More families and carers of participants aged 0 to 14 said that they have good relationships with services, and knew what services were needed to promote their child’s learning and development.
* Families and carers of participants aged up to 24 more frequently reported having someone to talk to for emotional support.
* Families and carers of participants aged 15 and over were more likely to feel that services listen to them and have helped them to care for their family member, and that their family member gets the support they need.
* Families and carers of older participants (aged 25 and over) are getting support for succession planning, and more feel that services help them to plan for the future. There have also been improvements in understanding their rights and the rights of the participant.

#### Areas of concern – opportunities for improvement

Across all participant age groups, self-rated health of families and carers has deteriorated over time.

Additionally, for families and carers of participants aged 0 to 14:

* in the area of employment, of families and carers unable to work as much as they want, there are increasing proportions who say that one of the barriers is the situation with their child, job availability, or job flexibility.
* there are also deteriorations in social and community involvement and access to practical help.

### Slide 41: Summary of findings (3)

#### Benchmarking against the Australian population

Overall, families and carers of NDIS participants generally experience poorer outcomes than the Australian population in the areas of employment, health, and life satisfaction.

However, the trend is improving on life satisfaction for families and carers of participants of all ages, and on employment for family and carers of younger participants.

#### Final remarks

This report summarises longitudinal outcomes for family and carers of participants who entered the Scheme from 1 July 2016, and who have been in the Scheme for one year or more at 30 June 2021, providing a picture of how family and carers are progressing under the NDIS.

The results provide insight into how the Scheme is making a difference and point to areas where improvements may be required.

## Slide 41: Closing page

This slide is a closing slide for the whole presentation, including copyright information for the NDIS.

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